## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

- 1. (currently amended) A method for producing a transgenic mouse, the method comprising the steps of:
- a) introducing a transgenic DNA into a mouse cell, said transgenic DNA comprising a polynucleotide sequence operably linked to a suitable heart-specific promoter that is capable of directing expression of the polynucleotide in heart, said polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide comprising SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2;
  - b) allowing said cell from step a) to develop into a transgenic mouse,

wherein said cell of step a) is a pronuclei of a fertilized oocyte, said method further comprising implanting said fertilized oocyte into a pseudopregnant mouse; or

wherein said cell of step a) is an embryonic stem cell; said DNA is integrated into a genomic DNA of said embryonic stem cell; and said embryonic stem cell is introduced into a developing embryo, and

wherein the transgenic mouse overexpresses a polypeptide having plateletderived growth factor C (PDGF-C) activity and develops myocyte hypertrophy or heart fibrosis during its life time.

## 2-4. (cancelled)

- 5. (currently amended) The method of claim 1, wherein said promoter is Λ method for producing a transgenic mouse, the method comprising the steps of:
- a) introducing a transgenic DNA into a mouse cell, said transgenic DNA comprising a polynucleotide sequence operably linked to an alpha-myosin heavy chain promoter, said polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide comprising SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2;

b) allowing said cell from step a) to develop into a transgenic mouse.

wherein said cell of step a) is a pronuclei of a fertilized oocyte, said method further comprising implanting said fertilized oocyte into a pseudopregnant mouse; or

wherein said cell of step a) is an embryonic stem cell; said DNA is integrated into a genomic DNA of said embryonic stem cell; and said embryonic stem cell is introduced into a developing embryo, and

wherein the transgenic mouse overexpresses a polypeptide having platelet-derived growth factor C (PDGF-C) activity and develops myocyte hypertrophy or heart fibrosis during its life timean alpha-myosin heavy chain promoter.

- 6. (previously presented) The method of Claim 1, wherein said transgenic DNA is operably linked to an epitope tag.
  - 7. (original) The method of Claim 6, wherein the epitope tag is c-myc.
- 8. (original) The method of Claim 1, wherein said transgenic DNA is operably linked to a marker sequence.
  - 9. (previously presented) The mouse produced by the method of claim 1.
  - 10-11. (cancelled)
- 12. (currently amended) A transgenic mouse that is a descendant from the mouse according to claim 9, wherein the transgenic mouse overexpresses a polypeptide having platelet-derived growth factor C (PDGF-C) activity and develops myocyte hypertrophy or heart fibrosis during its life time.
  - 13. (cancelled)
- 14. (previously presented) The mouse according to Claim 9, wherein the mouse is homozygous with regard to the transgenic DNA.
  - 15. (currently amended) A cell isolated from a the mouse according to claim 9.
  - 16-17. (cancelled)

- 18. (currently amended) A fertilized mouse oocyte containing a polynucleotide molecule that comprises a heart-specific promoter that is capable of directing expression of the polynucleotide in heart and that encodes a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2.
- 19. (currently amended) A <u>transgenic</u> mouse embryonic stem cell containing a polynucleotide molecule that encodes a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence of SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2.
- 20. (currently amended) A method for identifying a compound as a PDGF-C antagonist, said method comprising:

introducing a candidate compound into a <u>the</u> transgenic mouse according to Claim 9; and

monitoring a biological activity of PDGF-C in said mouse;

wherein inhibition of the PDGF-C biological <u>activity</u> indicates that the candidate compound is a PDGF-C antagonist.

- 21. (cancelled)
- 22. (currently amended)A method for identifying a compound as a PDGF-C antagonist, said method comprising the steps of:

exposing to said compound a <u>test</u> cell isolated from a <u>the</u> transgenic mouse according to Claim 9;

assaying an effect of said compound on a PDGF-C activity of said <u>test</u> cell in vitro;

comparing PDGF-C activity in a control cell not exposed to said compound, and

identifying said compound as a PDGF-C antagonist where the PDGF-C biological activity of said <u>test</u> cell is altered <u>as compared to the PDGF-C activity of the control cell</u>.

23. (currently amended) A method of screening for a compound for inhibition of hypertrophy, comprising the steps of:

administering a candidate compound to a <u>test</u> transgenic mouse according to Claim 9; and

monitoring cardiac development of said test mouse;

monitoring cardiac development of a control transgenic mouse according to Claim 9 not exposed to said candidate compound; and

wherein inhibition of cardiac development in said test mouse when compared to the a control transgenic mouse in the absence of said candidate compound indicates that the candidate compound inhibits hypertrophy.

24. (currently amended) A method of screening for a compound for inhibition of fibrosis, comprising the steps of:

administering a candidate compound to a <u>test</u> transgenic mouse according to Claim 9; and

monitoring cardiac development of said test mouse;

monitoring cardiac development of a control mouse according to Claim 9 not exposed to said candidate compound; and

wherein inhibition of cardiac development in the test moust when compared to the a control transgenic mouse in the absence of said candidate compound indicates that the candidate compound inhibits fibrosis.

25. (currently amended) A The transgenic mouse according to Claim 9, wherein the mouse is heterozygous with regard to the transgenic DNA encoding a polypeptide comprising the amino acid sequence SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2.

26-28. (cancelled)

29. (currently amended) A method for producing a transgenic mouse, the method comprising the steps of:

- a) introducing a transgenic DNA into a mouse embryonic stem cell, said transgenic DNA comprising a polynucleotide sequence operably linked to a suitable promoter, said polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide comprising the sequence of SEQ ID NO:1 or SEQ ID NO:2, and
- b) introducing said embryonic stem cell into a developing embryo which is allowed to develop into a transgenic mouse,

wherein the transgenic mouse overexpresses a polypeptide having platelet-derived growth factor C (PDGF-C) activity and develops hypertrophy or fibrosis in its heart at least one of its organs in its life time.